State of Arizona House of Representatives Forty-fifth Legislature First Regular Session 2001

CHAPTER 103

# **HOUSE BILL 2027**

#### AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 10-202, 10-1420, 10-1530, 10-1803, 10-3140, 10-3202, 10-11420 AND 10-11530, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING TITLE 10, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING CHAPTER 42; TRANSFERRING AND RENUMBERING TITLE 10, CHAPTER 18, ARTICLE 3, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, FOR PLACEMENT IN TITLE 10, CHAPTER 42, ARTICLE 1, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, AS ADDED BY THIS ACT; TRANSFERRING AND RENUMBERING SECTIONS 10-1851 THROUGH 10-1857, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, RESPECTIVELY, AS SECTIONS 10-11901 THROUGH 10-11907; AMENDING TITLE 10, CHAPTER 42, ARTICLE 1, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, AS ADDED BY THIS ACT, BY ADDING SECTION 10-11908; AMENDING SECTIONS 20-829, 29-786 AND 29-807, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO BUSINESS ENTITIES.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona:

Section 1. Section 10-202, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

# 10-202. Articles of incorporation and certificate of disclosure; violation; classification

- A. The articles of incorporation shall set forth:
- 1. A corporate name for the corporation that satisfies the requirements of section 10-401.
  - 2. The number of shares the corporation is authorized to issue.
- 3. A brief statement of the character of business that the corporation initially intends to actually conduct in this state. This statement does not constitute a limitation on the character of business that the corporation ultimately may conduct.
- 4. The name and address of each person who is to serve as a director until a successor is elected and qualifies.
- 5. The name and, street address AND SIGNATURE of the corporation's statutory agent.
- 6. The street address of the known place of business for the corporation, if different from that of its statutory agent.
  - 7. The name and address of each incorporator.
- 8. Any provision elected by the incorporators that under chapters 1 through 17 of this title or any other law of this state may be elected only by specific inclusion in the articles of incorporation.
  - 9. The signatures of all incorporators.
  - B. The articles of incorporation may set forth:
- 1. A provision eliminating or limiting the liability of a director to the corporation or its shareholders for money damages for any action taken or any failure to take any action as a director, except liability for any of the following:
- (a) The amount of a financial benefit received by a director to which the director is not entitled.
- (b) An intentional infliction of harm on the corporation or the shareholders.
  - (c) A violation of section 10-833.
  - (d) An intentional violation of criminal law.
- 2. A provision permitting or making obligatory indemnification of a director for liability, as defined in section 10-850, to any person for any action taken, or any failure to take any action, as a director, except liability for any of the exceptions described in paragraph 1, subdivisions (a), (b), (c) and (d) of this subsection.
  - 3. Any other provision, not inconsistent with law.
- 42 C. The articles of incorporation need not set forth any of the 43 corporate powers enumerated in chapters 1 through 17 of this title.

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- D. The certificate of disclosure shall set forth all of the following:
- 1. The following information regarding all persons who at the time of its delivery are officers, directors, trustees, incorporators and persons controlling or holding over ten per cent of the issued and outstanding common shares or ten per cent of any other proprietary, beneficial or membership interest in the corporation:
- (a) Whether any of the persons have been convicted of a felony involving a transaction in securities, consumer fraud or antitrust in any state or federal jurisdiction within the seven year period immediately preceding the execution of the certificate.
- (b) Whether any of the persons have been convicted of a felony, the essential elements of which consisted of fraud, misrepresentation, theft by false pretenses or restraint of trade or monopoly in any state or federal jurisdiction within the seven year period immediately preceding the execution of the certificate.
- (c) Whether any of the persons are or have been subject to an injunction, judgment, decree or permanent order of any state or federal court entered within the seven year period immediately preceding the execution of the certificate, if the injunction, judgment, decree or permanent order involved any of the following:
- (i) The violation of fraud or registration provisions of the securities laws of that jurisdiction.
  - (ii) The violation of the consumer fraud laws of that jurisdiction.
- (iii) The violation of the antitrust or restraint of trade laws of that jurisdiction.
- (d) With regard to any of the persons who have been convicted of the crimes or who are the subject of the judicial action described in subdivisions (a), (b) and (c) of this paragraph, information regarding:
- (i) Identification of the persons, including present full name, all prior names or aliases, including full birth name, present home address, all prior addresses for the immediately preceding seven year period, date and location of birth and social security number.
- (ii) The nature and description of each conviction or judicial action, the date and location, the court and public agency involved, and the file or cause number of the case.
- 2. A brief statement disclosing whether any persons who at the time of its delivery are officers, directors, trustees, incorporators and persons controlling or holding over twenty per cent of the issued and outstanding common shares or twenty per cent of any other proprietary, beneficial or membership interest in the corporation and who have served in any such capacity or held a twenty per cent interest in any other corporation on the bankruptcy, receivership or charter revocation of the other corporation. If so, for each corporation, the certificate shall include:
- (a) The names and addresses of each corporation and the person or persons involved.

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- (b) The state in which each corporation:
- (i) Was incorporated.
- (ii) Transacted business.
- (c) The dates of corporate operation.
- 3. The signatures of all of the incorporators.
- 4. The date of its execution, which shall be not more than thirty days before its delivery to the commission.
- 5. A declaration by each signer that he swears to its contents under penalty of law.
- E. The certificate of disclosure may set forth the name and address of any other person whom the incorporators elect to be the subject of those disclosures required under subsection D, paragraph 1 of this section.
- F. If within sixty days after delivering the articles of incorporation and certificate of disclosure to the commission any person becomes an officer, director, trustee or person controlling or holding over ten per cent of the issued and outstanding shares or ten per cent of any other proprietary, beneficial or membership interest in the corporation and the person was not the subject of the disclosures set forth in the certificate of disclosure, the incorporators or, if the organization of the corporation has been completed as provided in section 10-205, the corporation shall execute and deliver to the commission within the sixty day period a declaration, sworn to under penalty of law, setting forth all information required by subsection D, paragraph 1 of this section regarding the person. If the incorporators or, as applicable, the corporation fail to comply with this subsection, the commission shall MAY administratively dissolve the corporation pursuant to section 10-1421.
- If any of the persons described in subsection D, paragraph 1 of this section have been convicted of the crimes or are the subject of the judicial action described in subsection D, paragraph 1 of this section, the commission may direct detailed interrogatories to the persons requiring any additional relevant information deemed necessary by the commission. interrogatories shall be completely answered within thirty days after mailing of the interrogatories. With respect to corporations incorporating or seeking authority to transact business, articles of incorporation or an application for authority shall not be filed until all outstanding interrogatories have been answered to the satisfaction of the commission. With respect to existing domestic and foreign corporations, if interrogatories are not answered as provided in this subsection or the answers to the interrogatories otherwise indicate proper grounds for an administrative dissolution, the commission shall initiate an administrative dissolution in accordance with chapters 1 through 17 of this title.
- H. On a quarterly updated basis, the commission shall provide to the attorney general a list of all persons who are convicted of the crimes or who are the subject of the judicial action described in subsection D, paragraph

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1 of this section as indicated by the certificates of disclosure filed during the preceding three months.

- I. Any person who executes or contributes information for a certificate of disclosure and who intentionally makes any untrue statement of material fact or withholds any material fact with regard to the information required in subsection D, paragraph 1 of this section is guilty of a class 6 felony.
  - Sec. 2. Section 10-1420, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 10-1420. <u>Grounds for administrative dissolution</u>

The commission may commence a proceeding under section 10-1421 to administratively dissolve a corporation if either:

- 1. The corporation does not pay within sixty days after they are due any fees or penalties imposed by chapters 1 through 17 of this title.
- 2. The corporation does not deliver its annual report to the commission within sixty days after it is due.
- 3. The corporation is without a statutory agent or known place of business in this state for sixty days or more.
- 4. The corporation does not notify the commission within sixty days that its statutory agent or known place of business has been changed, that its statutory agent has resigned or that its principal office has been discontinued.
- 5. The corporation has failed to make any publication required by this title and file an affidavit of publication thereof within the time prescribed by this title, provided the commission has notified the corporation of the intent of the commission to commence a dissolution proceeding for that reason and the corporation has failed to file an affidavit of publication within sixty days after that notice.
- 6. The corporation's period of duration stated in its articles of incorporation expires.
- 7. The corporation has failed to comply with section 10-202, subsection F.
- 8. ANY OFFICER OR OTHER REPRESENTATIVE OF THE CORPORATION HAS MADE ANY MISREPRESENTATION OF A MATERIAL MATTER IN ANY APPLICATION, REPORT, AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER DOCUMENT SUBMITTED BY THE CORPORATION PURSUANT TO CHAPTERS 1 THROUGH 17 OF THIS TITLE.
- 9. THE CORPORATION HAS FAILED TO COMPLY WITH SECTION 10-1403, SUBSECTION D, OR THE COMMISSION HAS NOT RECEIVED THE NOTICE REQUIRED BY SECTION 10-1403, SUBSECTION C, WITHIN SIX MONTHS AFTER FILING ARTICLES OF DISSOLUTION.
- 10. THE CORPORATION HAS FAILED TO FILE A CERTIFICATE OF DISCLOSURE OR ANSWER INTERROGATORIES AS PRESCRIBED IN CHAPTERS 1 THROUGH 17 OF THIS TITLE.

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 Sec. 3. Section 10-1530, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 10-1530. <u>Grounds for revocation</u>

The commission may commence a proceeding under section 10-1531 to revoke the authority of a foreign corporation to transact business in this state if any of the following conditions exist:

- 1. The foreign corporation does not deliver its annual report to the commission within the time required by chapters 1 through 17 of this title.
- 2. The foreign corporation does not pay any fees or penalties imposed by chapters 1 through 17 of this title when they become due and payable.
- 3. The foreign corporation is without a statutory agent OR KNOWN PLACE OF BUSINESS in this state for sixty days or more.
- 4. The foreign corporation does not inform the commission that its statutory agent OR KNOWN PLACE OF BUSINESS has changed or that its statutory agent has resigned within sixty days of the change or resignation.
- 5. The foreign corporation has failed to make any publication required by this title and file affidavit of publication thereof within the time prescribed by this title, provided the commission has notified the foreign corporation of the intent of the commission to commence a revocation proceeding for that reason and the foreign corporation has failed to file an affidavit of publication within sixty days after that notice.
- 6. An incorporator, director, officer or agent of the foreign corporation signed a document he knew was false in any material respect with intent that the document be delivered to the commission for filing.
- 7. The commission receives a duly authenticated certificate from the secretary of state or other official having custody of corporate records in the state or country under whose law the foreign corporation is incorporated stating that it has been dissolved or disappeared as the result of a merger.
- 8. The corporation has failed to file a certificate of disclosure or answer interrogatories as prescribed in chapters 1 through 17 of this title.
- 9. ANY OFFICER OR OTHER REPRESENTATIVE OF THE CORPORATION HAS MADE ANY MISREPRESENTATION OF A MATERIAL MATTER IN ANY APPLICATION, REPORT, AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER DOCUMENT SUBMITTED BY THE CORPORATION PURSUANT TO CHAPTERS 1 THROUGH 17 OF THIS TITLE.
  - Sec. 4. Section 10-1803, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 10-1803. <u>Mandatory provisions of articles of incorporation</u>
- A. The articles of incorporation of a close corporation shall set forth:
- 1. The name of the corporation which shall contain the words "Arizona close corporation" or an abbreviation therefor.
  - 2. The name and address of the manager or managers of the corporation.
- 3. The names, addresses and amount of initial contribution of capital units of each of the original investors. The number of original investors shall not exceed ten.
- 4. The aggregate amount in dollars of the initial capital units to be paid to the corporation.

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- 5. The name and, address AND SIGNATURE of the corporation's initial statutory agent.
- B. It shall not be necessary to set forth in the articles of incorporation any corporate powers or any corporate purposes.
  - Sec. 5. Section 10-3140, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 10-3140. Definitions

In chapters 24 through 40 of this title, unless the context otherwise requires:

- 1. "Acknowledged" or "acknowledgment" means either an acknowledgment pursuant to title 33, chapter 4, article 5 or the signature, without more, of the person or persons signing the instrument, in which case the signature or signatures constitute the affirmation or acknowledgment of the signatory, under penalties of perjury, that the instrument is the act and deed of the signatory and that the facts stated in the instrument are true.
  - 2. "Act of the board of directors" means either:
- (a) An act of the majority of the directors present at a duly called meeting at which a quorum is present, unless the act of a greater number is required by chapters 24 through 40 of this title, the articles of incorporation or the bylaws.
- (b) Action taken by written consent of the directors in accordance with chapters 24 through 40 of this title.
  - 3. "Act of the members" means either:
- (a) An act adopted or rejected by a majority of the votes represented and voting at a duly held meeting at which a quorum is present where affirmative votes also constitute a majority of the required quorum unless a greater number of votes is required by chapters 24 through 40 of this title, the articles of incorporation or the bylaws.
- (b) An action taken by written consent of the members in accordance with chapters 24 through 40 of this title.
- (c) An action taken by written ballot of the members in accordance with this chapter.
  - 4. "Address" means a mailing address.
- 5. "Affiliate" means a person that directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries controls, is controlled by or is under common control with the person specified.
- 6. "Articles of incorporation" means the original or restated articles of incorporation or articles of merger and all amendments to the articles of incorporation or merger and includes amended and restated articles of incorporation and articles of amendment and merger.
- 7. "Board", "board of directors" or "board of trustees" means the group of persons vested with the direction of the affairs of the corporation irrespective of the name by which the group is designated, except that no person or group of persons shall be deemed to be the board of directors solely because of powers delegated to that person or group pursuant to section 10-3801, subsection C.

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- 8. "Business day" means a day that is not a Saturday, a Sunday or any other legal holiday in this state.
- 9. "Bylaws" means the code of rules adopted for the regulation or management of the affairs of the corporation irrespective of the name by which those rules are designated.
- 10. "Certificate of disclosure" means the certificate of disclosure described in section 10-3202.
- 11. "Class" refers to a group of memberships that have the same rights with respect to voting, dissolution, redemption and transfer. Rights are the same if they are determined by a formula applied uniformly.
  - 12. "Commission" means the Arizona corporation commission.
- 13. "Conspicuous" means so written that a reasonable person against whom the writing is to operate should have noticed it. For example, printing in italics, boldface or contrasting color or typing in capitals or underlined is conspicuous.
- 14. "Corporation" or "domestic corporation" means a nonprofit corporation that is not a foreign corporation and that is incorporated under or subject to chapters 24 through 40 of this title.
- 15. "CORPORATION SOLE" MEANS A CORPORATION FORMED PURSUANT AND SUBJECT TO CHAPTER 42, ARTICLE 1 OF THIS TITLE.
  - 15. 16. "Court" means the superior court of this state.
- 16. 17. "Delegates" means those persons elected or appointed to vote in a representative assembly for the election of a director or directors or on other matters.
- 17. 18. "Deliver" includes mail, private courier or telefacsimile transmission.
- 18. 19. "Delivery" means actual receipt by the person or entity to which directed.
- 19. 20. "Directors" or "trustees" means individuals, designated in the articles of incorporation or bylaws or elected by the incorporators, and their successors and individuals elected or appointed by any other name or title to act as members of the board.
  - 20. 21. "Dissolved" means the status of a corporation on either:
- (a) Effectiveness of articles of dissolution pursuant to section 10-11403, subsection B or section 10-11421, subsection B.
- (b) A decree pursuant to section 10-11433, subsection B becoming final.
- 21. 22. "Distribution" means a direct or indirect transfer of money or other property or incurrence of indebtedness by a corporation to or for the benefit of its members in respect of any of its membership interests. A distribution may be in the form of any of the following:

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- (a) A declaration of payment of a dividend.
- (b) Any purchase, redemption or other acquisition of membership interests.
  - (c) A distribution of indebtedness.
  - (d) Otherwise.
  - 22. 23. "Effective date of notice" is prescribed in section 10-3141.
- 23. 24. "Employee" means an officer, director or other person who is employed by the corporation.
- 24. 25. "Entity" includes a corporation, foreign corporation, not for profit corporation, business corporation, foreign business corporation, profit and not for profit unincorporated association, close corporation, corporation sole, limited liability company or registered limited liability partnership, a professional corporation, association or limited liability company or registered limited liability partnership, a business trust, estate, partnership, trust or joint venture, two or more persons having a joint or common economic interest, any person other than an individual and a state, the United States and a foreign government.
- 25. 26. "Executed by the corporation" means executed by manual or facsimile signature on behalf of the corporation by a duly authorized officer or, if the corporation is in the hands of a receiver or trustee, by the receiver or trustee.
- 26. 27. "Filing" means the commission completing the following procedure with respect to any document delivered for that purpose:
- (a) Determining that the filing fee requirements of this title have been satisfied.
- (b) Determining that the document appears in all respects to conform to the requirements of chapters 24 through 40 of this title.
- (c) On making the determinations, endorsement of the word "filed" with the applicable date on or attached to the document and the return of copies to the person who delivered the document or the person's representative.
- 27. 28. "Foreign corporation" means a corporation that is organized under a law other than the law of this state and that would be a nonprofit corporation if formed under the laws of this state.
- 28. 29. "Governmental subdivision" includes an authority, county, district, municipality and political subdivision.
  - 29. 30. "Includes" and "including" denotes a partial definition.
  - 30. 31. "Individual" includes the estate of an incompetent individual.
- 31. 32. "Insolvent" means inability of a corporation to pay its debts as they become due in the usual course of its business.
- 32. 33. "Known place of business" means the known place of business required to be maintained pursuant to section 10-3501.
- 33. 34. "Mail", "to mail" or "have mailed" means to deposit or have deposited a communication in the United States mail with first class postage prepaid.
  - 34. 35. "Means" denotes an exhaustive definition.

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- 35. 36. "Member" means, without regard to what a person is called in the articles of incorporation or bylaws, any person or persons who, pursuant to a provision of a corporation's articles of incorporation or bylaws, have the right to vote for the election of a director or directors. A person is not a member by virtue of any of the following:
  - (a) Any rights that person has as a delegate.
  - (b) Any rights that person has to designate a director or directors.
  - (c) Any rights that person has as a director.
- (d) Being referred to as a member in the articles of incorporation, bylaws or any other document, if the person does not have the right to vote for the election of a director or directors.
- 36. 37. "Membership" refers to the rights and obligations a member or members have pursuant to a corporation's articles of incorporation, bylaws and chapters 24 through 40 of this title.
  - 37. 38. "Newspaper" has the same meaning prescribed in section 39-201.
  - 38. 39. "Notice" and "notify" are prescribed in section 10-3141.
  - 39. 40. "Person" includes individual and entity.
- 40. 41. "President" means that officer designated as the president in the articles of incorporation or bylaws or, if not so designated, that officer authorized in the articles of incorporation, bylaws or otherwise to perform the functions of the chief executive officer, irrespective of the name by which designated.
- 41. 42. "Principal office" means the office, in or out of this state, so designated in the annual report where the principal executive offices of a domestic or foreign corporation are located or in any other document executed by the corporation by an officer and delivered to the commission for filing. If an office has not been so designated, principal office means the known place of business of the corporation.
- 42. 43. "Proceeding" includes a civil suit and a criminal, administrative and investigatory action.
- 43. 44. "Publish" means to publish in a newspaper of general circulation in the county of the known place of business for three consecutive publications.
- 44. 45. "Record date" means the date, if any, established under chapter 29 or 30 of this title on which a corporation determines the identity of its members and their membership interests for purposes of chapters 24 through 40 of this title. The determinations shall be made as of the close of business on the record date unless another time for doing so is specified when the record date is fixed.
- 45. 46. "Secretary" means that officer designated as the secretary in the articles of incorporation or bylaws or that officer authorized in the articles of incorporation, the bylaws or otherwise to perform the functions of secretary, irrespective of the name by which designated.

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- 46. 47. "State" if referring to a part of the United States, includes a state and commonwealth and their agencies and governmental subdivisions and a territory and insular possession of the United States and their agencies and governmental subdivisions.
- 47. 48. "Treasurer" means that officer designated as the treasurer in the articles of incorporation or bylaws or that officer authorized in the articles of incorporation, bylaws or otherwise to perform the functions of treasurer, irrespective of the name by which designated.
- 48. 49. "United States" includes a district, authority, bureau, commission and department and any other agency of the United States.
- 49. 50. "Vice-president" means an officer designated as a vice-president in the articles of incorporation or bylaws or an officer authorized in the articles of incorporation, the bylaws or otherwise to perform the functions of a vice-president, irrespective of the name by which designated.
- 50. 51. "Vote" includes authorization by written ballot and written consent.
- 51. 52. "Voting power" means the total number of votes entitled to be cast for the election of directors at the time the determination of voting power is made, excluding a vote that is contingent on the happening of a condition or event that has not occurred at the time. If a class is entitled to vote as a class for directors, the determination of voting power of the class shall be based on the percentage of the number of directors the class is entitled to elect out of the total number of authorized directors.
  - Sec. 6. Section 10-3202, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 10-3202. <u>Articles of incorporation; violation; classification</u>
  - A. The articles of incorporation shall set forth:
- 1. A corporate name for the corporation that satisfies the requirements of section 10-3401.
- 2. A brief statement of the character of affairs that the corporation initially intends to conduct. This statement does not limit the affairs that the corporation may conduct.
- 3. The name and address of each person who is to serve as a director until a successor is elected and qualifies.
- 4. The name and, street address AND SIGNATURE of the corporation's statutory agent.
- 5. The street address of the known place of business for the corporation, if different from that of its statutory agent.
  - 6. The name and address of each incorporator.
  - 7. Whether or not the corporation will have members.
- 8. Any provision elected by the incorporators that under chapters 24 through 40 of this title or any other law of this state may be elected only by specific inclusion in the articles of incorporation.
  - 9. The signatures of all incorporators.
  - B. The articles of incorporation may set forth:

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- 1. A provision eliminating or limiting the liability of a director to the corporation or its members for money damages for any action taken or any failure to take any action as a director, except liability for any of the following:
- (a) The amount of a financial benefit received by a director to which the director is not entitled.
- (b) An intentional infliction of harm on the corporation or the members.
  - (c) A violation of section 10-3833.
  - (d) An intentional violation of criminal law.
- 2. A provision permitting or making obligatory indemnification of a director for liability, as defined in section 10-3850, to any person for any action taken, or any failure to take any action, as a director, except liability for any of the exceptions described in paragraph 1 of this subsection.
  - 3. Any other provision, not inconsistent with law.
- C. The articles of incorporation need not set forth any of the corporate powers enumerated in chapters 24 through 40 of this title.
  - D. The certificate of disclosure shall set forth all of the following:
- 1. The following information regarding all persons who at the time of its delivery are officers, directors, trustees and incorporators:
- (a) Whether any of the persons have been convicted of a felony involving a transaction in securities, consumer fraud or antitrust in any state or federal jurisdiction within the seven year period immediately preceding the execution of the certificate.
- (b) Whether any of the persons have been convicted of a felony, the essential elements of which consisted of fraud, misrepresentation, theft by false pretenses or restraint of trade or monopoly in any state or federal jurisdiction within the seven year period immediately preceding the execution of the certificate.
- (c) Whether any of the persons are or have been subject to an injunction, judgment, decree or permanent order of any state or federal court entered within the seven year period immediately preceding the execution of the certificate, if the injunction, judgment, decree or permanent order involved any of the following:
- (i) The violation of fraud or registration provisions of the securities laws of that jurisdiction.
  - (jj) The violation of consumer fraud laws of that jurisdiction.
- (iii) The violation of the antitrust or restraint of trade laws of that jurisdiction.
- (d) With regard to any of the persons who have been convicted of the crimes or who are the subject of the judicial action described in subdivisions (a), (b) and (c) of this paragraph, information regarding:
- (i) Identification of the persons, including present full name, all prior names or aliases, including full birth name, present home address, all

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prior addresses for the immediately preceding seven year period, date and location of birth and social security number.

- (ii) The nature and description of each conviction or judicial action, the date and location, the court and public agency involved, and the file or case number of the case.
- 2. A brief statement disclosing whether any persons who at the time of its delivery are officers, directors, trustees and incorporators and who have served in any such capacity in any other corporation on the bankruptcy, receivership or charter revocation of the other corporation. If so, for each corporation, the certificate shall include:
- (a) The names and addresses of each corporation and the person or persons involved.
  - (b) The state in which each corporation:
  - (i) Was incorporated.
  - (ii) Transacted business.
  - (c) The dates of corporate operation.
  - 3. The signatures of all the incorporators.
- 4. The date of its execution, which shall be not more than thirty days before its delivery to the commission.
- 5. A declaration by each signer that the signer swears to its contents under penalty of law.
- E. The certificate of disclosure may set forth the name and address of any other person whom the incorporator or incorporators choose to be the subject of those disclosures required under subsection D, paragraph 1 of this section.
- F. If within sixty days after delivering the articles of incorporation and certificate of disclosure to the commission any person becomes an officer, director or trustee and the person was not the subject of the disclosures set forth in the certificate of disclosure, the incorporator or incorporators or, if the organization of the corporation has been completed as provided in section 10-3205, the corporation shall execute and deliver to the commission within the sixty day period a declaration, sworn to under penalty of law, setting forth all information required by subsection D, paragraph 1 of this section, regarding the person. If the incorporator or incorporators or, as applicable, the corporation fails to comply with this subsection, the commission shall MAY administratively dissolve the corporation pursuant to section 10-11421.
- G. If any of the persons described in subsection D, paragraph 1 of this section have been convicted of the crimes or are the subject of the judicial action described in subsection D, paragraph 1 of this section, the commission may direct detailed interrogatories to the persons requiring any additional relevant information deemed necessary by the commission. The interrogatories shall be completely answered within thirty days after mailing of the interrogatories. With respect to corporations incorporating or seeking authority to conduct affairs, articles of incorporation or an

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application for authority shall not be filed until all outstanding interrogatories have been answered to the satisfaction of the commission. With respect to existing domestic and foreign corporations, if the interrogatories are not answered as provided in this subsection or the answers to the interrogatories otherwise indicate proper grounds for an administrative dissolution, the commission shall initiate an administrative dissolution in accordance with chapters 24 through 40 of this title.

- H. On a quarterly updated basis, the commission shall provide to the attorney general a list of all persons who are convicted of the crimes or who are the subject of the judicial action described in subsection D, paragraph 1 of this section as indicated by the certificate of disclosure filed during the preceding three months.
- I. Any person who executed or contributed information for a certificate of disclosure and who intentionally makes any untrue statement of material fact or withholds any material fact with regard to the information required in subsection D, paragraph 1 of this section is guilty of a class 6 felony.
- Sec. 7. Section 10-11420, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

#### 10-11420. Grounds for administrative dissolution

The commission may commence a proceeding under section 10-11421 to administratively dissolve a corporation if either:

- 1. The corporation does not pay within sixty days after they are due any fees or penalties imposed by chapters 24 through 40 of this title.
- 2. The corporation does not deliver its annual report to the commission within sixty days after it is due.
- 3. The corporation is without a statutory agent or known place of business in this state.
- 4. The corporation does not notify the commission within sixty days that its statutory agent or known place of business has been changed, that its statutory agent has resigned or that its known place of business has been discontinued.
- 5. The corporation has failed to make any publication required by this title and file AN affidavit of publication thereof within the time prescribed by this title, provided the commission has notified the corporation of the intent of the commission to commence a dissolution proceeding for that reason and the corporation has failed to file an affidavit of publication within sixty days after that notice.
- 6. The corporation's period of duration stated in its articles of incorporation expires.
- 7. The corporation has failed to comply with section 10-3202, subsection F.
- 8. ANY OFFICER OR OTHER REPRESENTATIVE OF THE CORPORATION HAS MADE ANY MISREPRESENTATION OF A MATERIAL MATTER IN ANY APPLICATION, REPORT, AFFIDAVIT

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OR OTHER DOCUMENT SUBMITTED BY THE CORPORATION PURSUANT TO CHAPTERS 24 THROUGH 40 OF THIS TITLE.

- 9. THE COMMISSION HAS NOT RECEIVED THE NOTICE REQUIRED BY SECTION 10-11403, SUBSECTION E WITHIN SIX MONTHS AFTER FILING ARTICLES OF DISSOLUTION.
- 10. THE CORPORATION HAS FAILED TO FILE A CERTIFICATE OF DISCLOSURE OR ANSWER INTERROGATORIES AS PRESCRIBED IN CHAPTERS 24 THROUGH 40 OF THIS TITLE.
- Sec. 8. Section 10-11530, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

#### 10-11530. Grounds for revocation

The commission may commence a proceeding under section 10-11531 to revoke the authority of a foreign corporation to conduct affairs in this state if any of the following conditions exist:

- 1. The foreign corporation does not deliver the annual report to the commission within the time required by chapters 24 through 40 of this title.
- 2. The foreign corporation does not pay any fees or penalties imposed by chapters 24 through 40 of this title when they become due and payable.
- 3. The foreign corporation is without a statutory agent OR KNOWN PLACE OF BUSINESS in this state for sixty days or more.
- 4. The foreign corporation does not inform the commission that its statutory agent OR ITS KNOWN PLACE OF BUSINESS has changed or that its statutory agent has resigned within sixty days of the change or resignation.
- 5. The foreign corporation has failed to make any publication required by this title and file an affidavit of publication thereof within the time prescribed by this title, provided the commission has notified the foreign corporation of the intent of the commission to commence a revocation proceeding for that reason and the foreign corporation has failed to file an affidavit of publication within sixty days after that notice.
- 6. An incorporator, director, officer or agent of the foreign corporation signed a document such person knew was false in any material respect with intent that the document be delivered to the commission for filing.
- 7. The commission receives a duly authenticated certificate from the secretary of state or other official having custody of corporate records in the state or country under whose law the foreign corporation is incorporated stating that it has been dissolved or disappeared as the result of a merger.
- 8. The corporation has failed to file a certificate of disclosure or answer interrogatories as prescribed in chapters 24 through 40 of this title.
- 9. ANY OFFICER OR OTHER REPRESENTATIVE OF THE CORPORATION HAS MADE ANY MISREPRESENTATION OF A MATERIAL MATTER IN ANY APPLICATION, REPORT, AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER DOCUMENT SUBMITTED BY THE CORPORATION PURSUANT TO CHAPTERS 24 THROUGH 40 OF THIS TITLE.
- Sec. 9. Title 10, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended by adding chapter 42, to read:

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### CHAPTER 42 CORPORATIONS SOLE

## ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 10. Iransfer and renumber

Title 10, chapter 18, article 3, Arizona Revised Statutes, is transferred and renumbered for placement in title 10, chapter 42, article 1, Arizona Revised Statutes, as added by this act. The transferred sections previously included in title 10, chapter 18, article 3 as sections 10-1851 through 10-1857, Arizona Revised Statutes, respectively, are renumbered as sections 10-11901 through 10-11907.

Sec. 11. Title 10, chapter 42, article 1, Arizona Revised Statutes, as added by this act, is amended by adding section 10–11908, to read:

10-11908. Officer; director; law applicable to corporations

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- A. THE PERSON COMPRISING THE CORPORATION SOLE IS THE ONLY DIRECTOR AND OFFICER FOR THE CORPORATION SOLE UNLESS THE ARTICLES OR BYLAWS OF THE CORPORATION SOLE CONTAIN A CONTRARY DESIGNATION.
- B. CORPORATIONS SOLE THAT ARE ORGANIZED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE ARE SUBJECT TO CHAPTERS 24 THROUGH 40 OF THIS TITLE EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT THIS ARTICLE MODIFIES OR DIFFERS FROM THE PROVISIONS OF CHAPTERS 24 THROUGH 40, IN WHICH CASE THIS ARTICLE PREVAILS.
  - Sec. 12. Section 20-829, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 20-829. <u>Directors</u>

The directors of such a corporation shall at all times include representatives of:

- 1. Administrators or trustees of hospitals which have contracted with the corporation to render hospital service to subscribers, if the corporation is a hospital service corporation or a hospital and medical service corporation.
- 2. Physicians and surgeons licensed to practice in this state who have contracted with the corporation to render medical service to subscribers, if the corporation is a medical service corporation or a hospital and medical service corporation.
- 3. Dentists licensed to practice in this state who have contracted with the corporation to render dental service to subscribers AND WHO CONSTITUTE A MAJORITY OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE CORPORATION, if the corporation is a dental service corporation.
- 4. Optometrists licensed to practice in this state who have contracted with the corporation to render optometric service to subscribers, if the corporation is an optometric service corporation.
- 5. The general public, exclusive of hospital representatives and physicians, dentists and optometrists.

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Section 29-786, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: Sec. 13. Administrative dissolution 29-786.

- A. The commission may administratively dissolve a limited liability company in the manner provided by this section if either:
- 1. The limited liability company fails to amend its articles of organization as required by section 29-633, subsection B.
- 2. The limited liability company has failed to make any publication required by this chapter and has failed to file an affidavit of publication thereof required by this chapter.
- 3. The limited liability company is without a statutory agent or registered office in this state for at least sixty days.
- 4. The limited liability company does not notify the commission within sixty days after its statutory agent or registered office has changed or within sixty days after its statutory agent has resigned.
- 5. THE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY FAILS TO RESPOND TO INTERROGATORIES AS PRESCRIBED IN SECTION 29-612.
- B. If the commission determines that one or more grounds exist under subsection A of this section, for dissolving a limited liability company, it shall give written notice of its determination by mail addressed to the statutory agent of the limited liability company, or if the limited liability company fails to appoint and maintain a statutory agent, addressed to the registered office required to be maintained pursuant to section 29-604, subsection A, paragraph 1.
- C. If the limited liability company does not correct each ground for dissolution or demonstrate to the reasonable satisfaction of the commission that each ground determined by the commission does not exist within sixty days after service of the notice, the commission shall administratively dissolve the limited liability company by signing a certificate of dissolution that recites the ground or grounds for dissolution and its effective date. The commission shall file the original of the certificate and mail a copy to the limited liability company addressed to its statutory agent, or if the limited liability company fails to appoint and maintain a statutory agent, addressed to the registered office required to be maintained pursuant to section 29-604, subsection A, paragraph 1.
- A limited liability company administratively dissolved pursuant to this section continues in existence but may not carry on any business except as necessary to wind up and liquidate its business and affairs under section 29-782, subsection B.
- E. A limited liability company administratively dissolved under this section may apply to the commission for reinstatement within three years after the effective date of dissolution. The application shall both:
- 1. Recite the name of the limited liability company and the effective date of its administrative dissolution.
- State either that the ground or grounds for dissolution did not exist or that the ground or grounds have been eliminated. 1/3/1/2

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- F. If the commission determines that the application contains the information required by subsection E of this section, and that the information is correct, it shall cancel the certificate of dissolution, prepare a certificate of reinstatement that recites this determination and the effective date of reinstatement, file the original of the certificate and mail a copy to the limited liability company addressed to its statutory agent.
- G. When the reinstatement is effective, it relates back to and takes effect as of the effective date of the administrative dissolution and the limited liability company resumes carrying on its business as if the administrative dissolution had never occurred.
- H. The administrative dissolution of a limited liability company does not terminate the authority of a statutory agent.
- I. A limited liability company that has been administratively dissolved pursuant to this section may bring an action against the commission in superior court to review the commission's refusal to reinstate the limited liability company. The action by the limited liability company shall be brought within six months after the commission's refusal becomes final. The superior court shall hear and determine the action as a trial de novo. In any such action the burden of proof shall be on the party adverse to the commission.
  - Sec. 14. Section 29-807, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 29-807. Revocation of certificate of registration of foreign limited liability company
- A. The certificate of registration of a foreign limited liability company to transact business in this state may be revoked by the commission in the manner provided by subsection B of this section if any of the following events occurs:
  - 1. The foreign limited liability company fails to:
  - (a) Pay any fees or penalties prescribed by this chapter.
- (b) Appoint and maintain a statutory agent as required by this chapter.
- (c) File a report on a change in the name or business address of the statutory agent.
- (d) File with the commission any amendment to its application for a certificate of registration as specified in section 29-805.
  - (e) RESPOND TO INTERROGATORIES AS PRESCRIBED IN SECTION 29-612.
- 2. A misrepresentation has been made of any material matter in any application, report, affidavit or other document submitted by the foreign limited liability company pursuant to this chapter.
- B. The commission shall not revoke a certificate of registration of a foreign limited liability company pursuant to subsection A of this section unless the commission gives the foreign limited liability company at least sixty days' notice of the revocation by mail addressed to its statutory agent in this state, or if the foreign limited liability company fails to appoint

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6 7 and maintain a statutory agent in this state, addressed to the office required to be maintained pursuant to section 29-802, paragraph 6. The notice shall identify the cause for the revocation of the certificate of registration. The authority of the foreign limited liability company to transact business in this state ceases on the expiration of the sixty day period unless the foreign limited liability company cures the failure stated in the notice.

APPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR APRIL 11, 2001.

FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE APRIL 12, 2001.

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# **HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE** AMENDMENTS AND FINAL PASSAGE by the following vote: 55 Ayes, 5\_\_\_ Not Voting Speaker of the House **EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT OF ARIZONA** OFFICE OF GOVERNOR This Bill was received by the Governor this day of Approved this 8'26\_\_o'clock\_

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT OF ARIZONA OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE

This Bill was received by the Secretary of State

this 12 day of Colil, 2001

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Secretary of State

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